### MONITORING OF THE PAR RIVER AND ITS TRIBUTARIES

The monitoring group operates under the citizen science scheme run by the Westcountry Rivers Trust. Comments and opinions in this report are those of the authors only.

# **JUNE 2025**

# **HOW TO REPORT RIVER POLLUTION**

River pollution can now be reported **online** to the Environment Agency at: <a href="https://www.gov.uk/report-water-pollution">https://www.gov.uk/report-water-pollution</a>.

Use this service to report water pollution in:

- rivers or the sea
- lakes or reservoirs
- canals
- smaller streams or watercourses (for example, a brook or culvert)

Water pollution can include:

- sewage
- waste, spills or leaks from farms
- waste, spills or leaks from factories or other industry
- spills or leaks from objects

If you're unable to use the online service, you can call the Environment Agency:

Environment Agency incident hotline

Telephone: 0800 80 70 60

24-hour service

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Dipper in the Par River in Luxulyan Valley (you have to look closely!).

### A. OUR JUNE 2025 FINDINGS AT A GLANCE (SEE SECTIONS C TO I FOR FULL PICTURE)

### 1. Data

We sampled at 16 locations between 9<sup>th</sup> and 24<sup>th</sup> June 2025. The **red** highlighting shows results of concern.

CRITERIA	UPPER PAR (UPSTREAM OF CONFLUENCE WITH BOKIDDICK STREAM NEAR BLACK HILL CAR PARK) 5 TESTING LOCATIONS	LOWER PAR (FROM CONFLUENCE WITH BOKIDDICK STREAM TO SEA) 3 TESTING LOCATIONS	TRIBUTARIES OF UPPER PAR (CARBIS STREAM, MOLINNIS STREAM, TRESKILLING STREAM, BOKIDDICK STREAM) 6 TESTING LOCATIONS	TRIBUTARIES OF LOWER PAR (POLMEAR & TYWARDREATH STREAMS) 2 TESTING LOCATIONS
TEMPERATURE	Mean 15.18	Mean 17.3	Mean 15.86	Mean 17
° CELSIUS (SHOULD	Median 15.8	Median 17.6	Median 15.25	Median 17
NOT EXCEED 18°	Min 13.8	Min 16.3	Min 14.6	Min 17
CELSIUS)	Max 16.4	Max <b>18</b>	Max 18.3	Max 17
TOTAL DISSOLVED	Mean 91	Mean 117.66	Mean 97.5	Mean 132.5
SOLIDS PPM	Median 89	Median 116	Median 66	Median 132.5
(SHOULD NOT	Min 55	Min 111	Min 56	Min 123
EXCEED 300 PPM)	Max 123	Max 126	Max 185	Max 142
TURBIDITY	Mean 0	Mean 0	Mean 0	Mean 0
(SHOULD BE <12	Median 0	Median 0	Median 0	Median 0
ON SECCHI TUBE.	Min 0	Min 0	Min 0	Min 0
FOR AVERAGING ANY READING <12	Max 0	Max 0	Max 0	Max 0
IS COUNTED AS 0)				
PHOSPHATES PPB	Mean <b>200</b>	Mean 400	Mean 0	Mean 0
(SHOULD NOT	Median 0	Median 500	Median 0	Median 0
EXCEED 100 PPB)	Min 0	Min 200	Min 0	Min 0
	Max <b>500</b>	Max <b>500</b>	Max 0	Max 0
RIVERFLY SCORE			iver and Tywardreath S	
(TRIGGER LEVEL AT	Par River score = <b>10</b> (T		iver and Tywarareams	ci cui ii
LRM SHOULD BE ≥ 6)	1	core n/a (Trigger level =	= 5)	
KEY WILDLIFE	Dragonflies	Dipper	Beaver (evidence)	
(WRT KEY SPECIES		Grey Wagtail		
ONLY* - FOR FULL		Otter spraint		
LIST SEE SECTION I)	Hamala ali Markani	Hamala ali M/akan	Hamala ali Marata ii	Handa di Mista.
INVASIVE PLANTS	Hemlock Water	Hemlock Water	Hemlock Water	Hemlock Water
	Dropwort,	Dropwort	Dropwort, Japanese	Dropwort
	Himalayan Balsam,		Knotweed	
	Japanese Knotweed			

<sup>\*</sup>The WRT monitoring forms highlight: Water Vole; Heron; Dipper; Otter; Kingfisher; Dragonflies/Damselflies; Mink; Grey Wagtail; Fish; 'Other'. Beavers aren't stipulated but could, for example, be considered a key species under 'Other'.

### 2. Key points

#### (a) Positive signs

- (i) Evidence of wildlife included Beavers (Bokiddick Stream), Dragonflies, Grey Wagtails, Dippers and Otters (Par River).
- (ii) The ARMI riverfly survey in Luxulyan Valley exceeded the trigger level. That said, only 6 of the 8 species looked for were found.
- (iii) Councillor Sarah Preece (Lostwithiel and Lanreath) has responded very positively to our report cards and monthly reports. If the health of rivers is to be improved, political support at local and national levels is necessary. (The other councillors in the catchment have not been contacted.)
- (iv) Recently we have added Nitrate tests to our practice (courtesy of Oscar Miller from the *Tor to Shore* project) and, so far, readings have been zero.

### (b) Points of concern

- (i) Phosphate levels on the Par River were, once again, too high. A major source is St Austell STW at Luxulyan. Unfortunately, the deadline for the installation of phosphate stripping is March 2030 so improvements are not imminent.
- (ii) The Tywardreath and Polmear Streams continue to have elevated levels of Total Dissolved Solids. It is possible that farming is having a negative impact on both watercourses.
- (iii) Although there were few sewage discharges from storm overflows, one spill, from St Austell North STW at Luxulyan, lasted 18 hours and 30 minutes between 13<sup>th</sup> and 14<sup>th</sup> June. See results for 2024 by Parliamentary constituency on page 30.
- (iv) Although not noticeable at the monitoring spot on the Molinnis Stream, there is often a sewage smell downstream, near the CSO, even when there have been no spills.

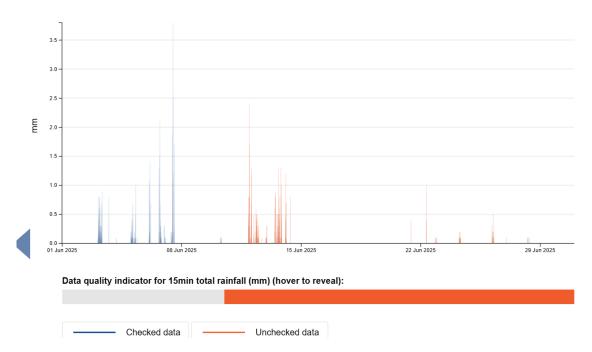
#### (c) Areas for further research

It would be interesting to see an assessment of the impact of beavers on the upper Bokiddick Stream. A sizeable lake has been formed and to the untrained eye the impact on biodiversity seems positive. A more rigorous assessment might allay the fears of a small number of people.

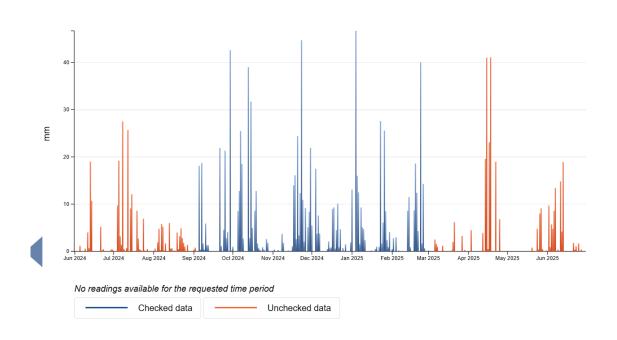
### **B. RAINFALL, RIVER LEVELS AND FLOW**

**1. Rainfall at Luxulyan** (<a href="https://environment.data.gov.uk/hydrology/station/14aadf3c-3d4d-44b3-b26b-cf705827d00e">https://environment.data.gov.uk/hydrology/station/14aadf3c-3d4d-44b3-b26b-cf705827d00e</a> 377323)

### (a) June 2025



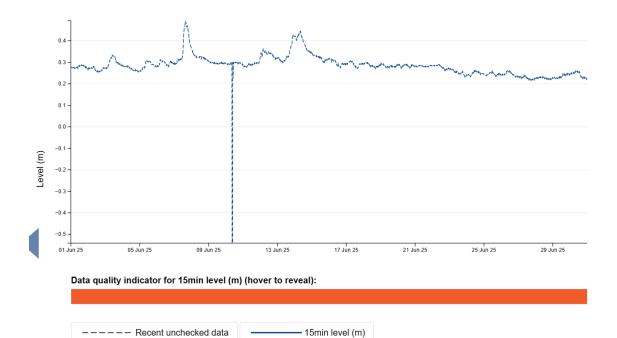
### (b) From 1<sup>st</sup> June 2024 until 30<sup>th</sup> June 2025



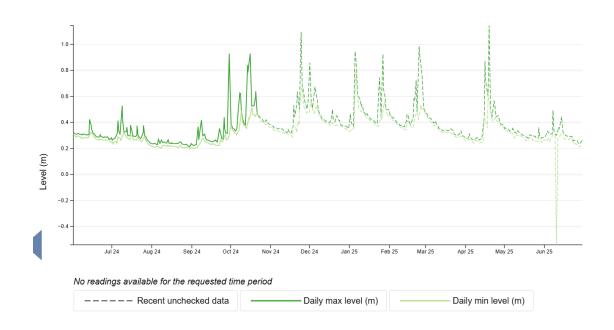
### 2. Par River levels at Luxulyan preceding and during surveys. Source:

 $\frac{https://environment.data.gov.uk/hydrology/station/14aadf3c-3d4d-44b3-b26b-cf705827d00e}{}$ 

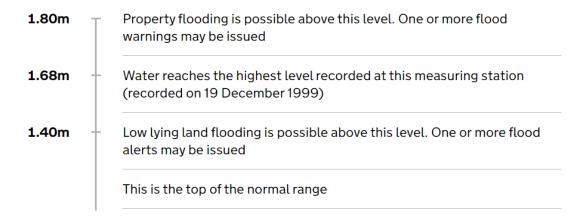
### (a) Levels for June 2025



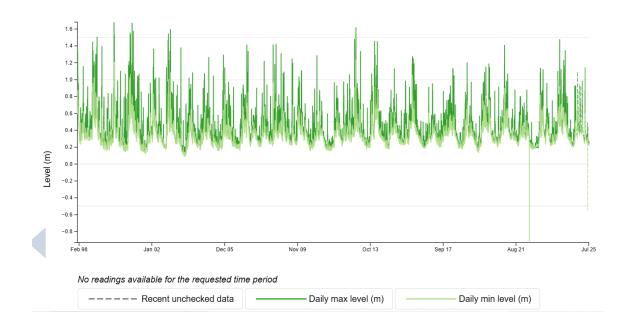
# (b) Levels from 1<sup>st</sup> June 2024 until 30<sup>th</sup> June 2025



### (c) How levels at Luxulyan could affect nearby areas:



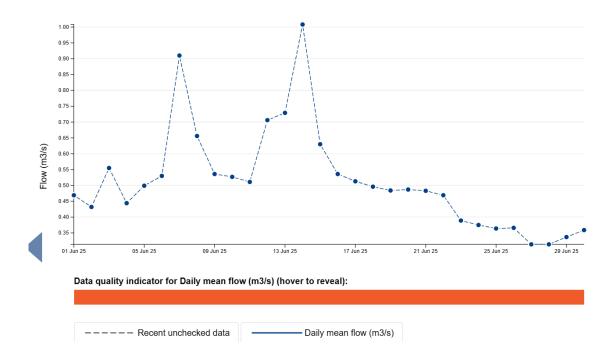
### (d) Complete record of river levels at Luxulyan. Refer to level descriptions in previous section.



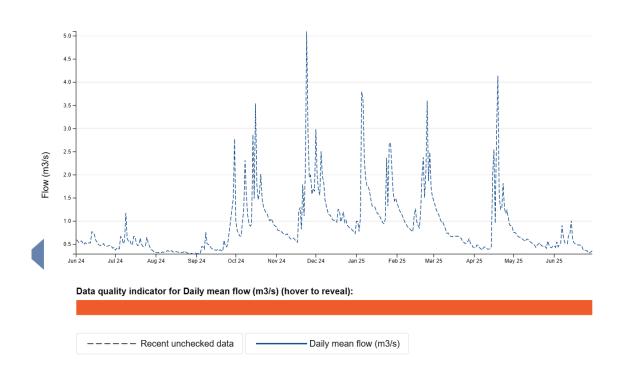
### 3. RIVER FLOW AT LUXULYAN (Daily Mean Flow in M3/s – cubic metres per second):

**Source:** https://environment.data.gov.uk/hydrology/station/d58ffa6f-8f0d-4626-b7a1-23de1774b470

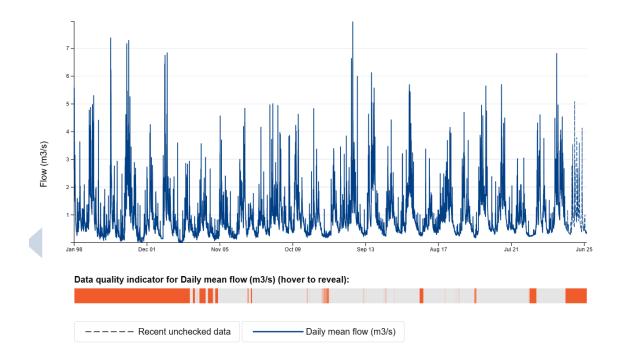
### (a) The last month (N.B. Some data unchecked):



# (b) From 1<sup>st</sup> June 2024 until 30<sup>th</sup> June 2025



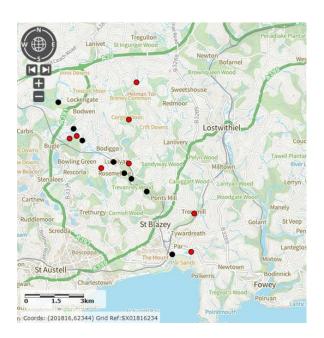
#### (c) Complete record of river flow at Luxulyan



**4.** The graphs in sections 1 to 3 are taken from Hydrology Data Explorer (<a href="https://environment.data.gov.uk/hydrology/explore">https://environment.data.gov.uk/hydrology/explore</a> ). Data for Luxulyan and Par St Andrews are used here. Other stations in the Par catchment include: Ponts Vale, Par Highways, Treesmill Dam Public Footpath, Treesmill Dam Marsh Villa Gardens, and St Blazey (rainfall only). It is possible to check daily Par River levels for Luxulyan, Ponts Vale and St Blazey Station Stream at St Blazey Station Road at: <a href="https://check-for-flooding.service.gov.uk/river-and-sea-levels/rloi/3159">https://check-for-flooding.service.gov.uk/river-and-sea-levels/rloi/3159</a> .

#### **C. JUNE 2025 MONITORING POINTS**

This month monitoring occurred at 16 locations. Monitoring points along the main Par River are shown in black. Those in red are on tributaries. **Source:** <a href="https://magic.defra.gov.uk/MagicMap.aspx">https://magic.defra.gov.uk/MagicMap.aspx</a>



LOCATION	PAR/TRIBUTARY	DATE/TIME	TYPE OF CHECK	MONITORED BY
Criggan Moors, Par River, SX	PAR	11/6/2025	CSI sample & Cartographer	Roger Smith
01882 61133		8:35	record.	
South of Minorca Lane, Par	PAR	11/6/2025	CSI sampling. Cartographer	Roger Smith
River, SX02668 59747		7:50	record.	
Near Forkandles Farm,	SECONDARY	11/6/2025	CSI sample & Cartographer	Roger Smith
Molinnis Stream, SX 02460	TRIBUTARY (OF	9:45	record.	
59271	CARBIS STREAM)			
Carbis Stream SX 02834 59401	TRIBUTARY	11/6/2025	CSI sampling. Cartographer	Roger Smith
		9:30	record.	
Lavrean, Par River SX 03134	PAR	11/6/2025	CSI sampling. Cartographer	Roger Smith
59164		10:10	record.	
Treskilling, Treskilling Stream,	TRIBUTARY	24/6/2025	CSI sampling. Cartographer	Roger Smith
SX 04107 57726		14:50	record.	
Luxulyan allotments, Par	PAR	11/6/2025	CSI sampling. Cartographer	Roger Smith
River, SX 04732 58045		11:05	record.	
Cam Bridges, Par River, SX	PAR	11/6/2025	CSI sampling. Cartographer	Roger Smith
05292 57454		12:40	record.	
Trebell Green, Bokiddick	TRIBUTARY	9/6/2025	CSI sampling. Cartographer	Roger Smith
Stream SX 0551960226		16:35	record.	
Corgee Moor, Bokiddick	TRIBUTARY	9/6/2025	CSI sampling. Cartographer	Roger Smith
Stream SX 0593462167		15:45	record.	
Gatty's Bridge, Bokiddick	TRIBUTARY	11/6/2025	CSI sampling. Cartographer	Joan Farmer
Stream SX 05531 57953		13:25	record.	364
Treffry Viaduct, Par River, SX	PAR	11/6/2025	CSI sampling. Cartographer	Joan Farmer
05650 57179		, -,	record.	
Lady Rashleigh Mine, Par	PAR	11/6/2025	CSI sampling. Cartographer	Roger Smith, Joan
River, SX 06451 56509		13:50	record. Riverfly.	Farmer, Veronica
•			,	Jones
Treesmill, Tywardreath	TRIBUTARY	17/6/2025	CSI sampling. Cartographer	Maggie Tagney,
Stream, SX 08873 55385		13:45	record. Riverfly.	Simon Tagney
Par Beach slipway, SX 0776	PAR	11/6/2025	CSI sampling. Cartographer	Brian Harrisson
53261		11:30	record.	
Polmear Stream, Ship Inn	TRIBUTARY	11/6/2025	CSI sampling. Cartographer	Simon Tagney
SX 08749 53417		12 noon	record.	] ,

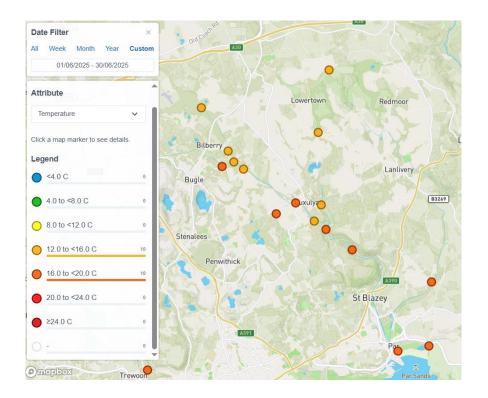
The times have been included in the previous table in case that explains some of the variations in readings.

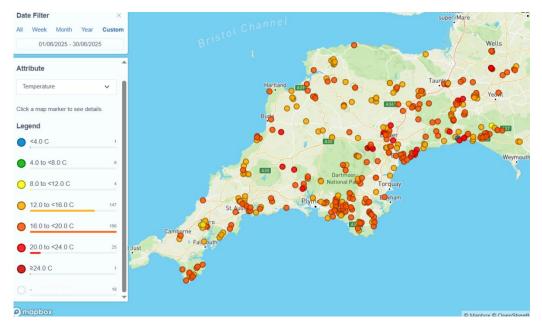
#### D. TEMPERATURE

### 1. This is the WRT's explanation of why this is monitored:

Temperature is a vital parameter within the river ecosystem. It controls many of the aquatic species life cycles. Temperature fluctuates with the seasons; however, you do get variation within that, particularly in small rivers and streams. Another important reason to measure temperature is to track the impact of our warming climate on our waterbodies.

Geographical comparison. Source: Cartographer.





#### **Results June 2025**

Results above the temperature at which fish and other organisms can function healthily will be shown in red. At present, 18 °Celsius is being used as the upper safe limit for fish and other creatures, although 20° Celsius has been suggested by WRT instead. The Yealm Estuary to Moor Project (YEM) in Devon considers that the upper safe level (USL) for temperature is 19.5 °C.

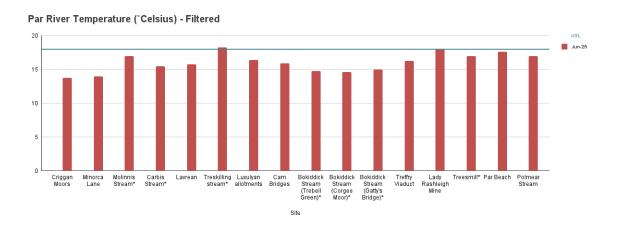
From December 2023 all readings have been taken with the new thermometer/TDS device. Previously, all Upper Par readings, except for Lady Rashleigh Mine, have been taken with the old device. There is a worrying discrepancy with the readings on the older devices.

PAR RIVER/TRIBUTARY	LOCATION	Temperature °Celsius
Par	Criggan Moors, Par River, SX 01882 61133	13.8
Par	South of Minorca Lane, Par River, SX 02657 59788	14
Secondary tributary	Near Forkandles Farm, Molinnis Stream, SX 02460 59271	17
Tributary	Carbis Stream SX 02834 59401	15.5
Par	Lavrean, Par River SX 03134 59164	15.8
Tributary	Treskilling, Treskilling Stream, SX 04107 57726	18.3
Par	Luxulyan allotments, Par River, SX 04732 58045	16.4
Par	Cam Bridges, Par River, SX 05292 57454	15.9
Tributary	Trebell Green, Bokiddick Stream SX 0551960226	14.8
Tributary	Corgee Moor, Bokiddick Stream SX 0593462167	14.6
Tributary	Gatty's Bridge, Bokiddick Stream SX 05531 57953	15
Par	Treffry Viaduct, Par River, SX 05650 57179	16.3
Par	Lady Rashleigh Mine, Par River, SX 06451 56509	18
Tributary	Treesmill, Tywardreath Stream, SX 08873 55385	17
Par	Par Beach slipway, SX 0776 53261	17.6
Tributary	Polmear Stream, Ship Inn, SX 08749 53417	17

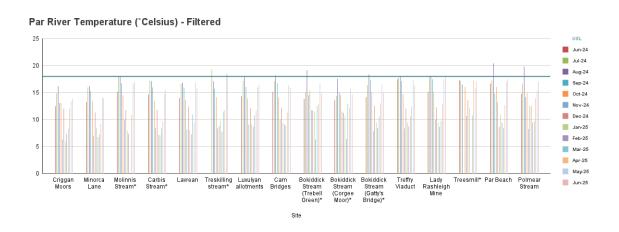
Upper Par	
Lower Par	
Bokiddick Stream	
Tributaries of Upper Par	
Tributaries of Lower Par	

### 3. Graphs

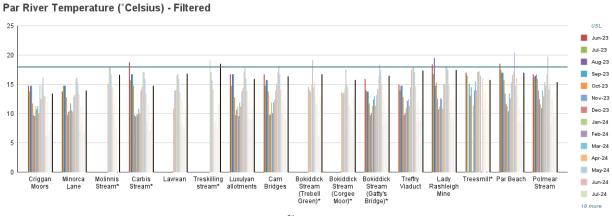
### (a) This month:



# (b) From 1<sup>st</sup> June 2024 to 30<sup>th</sup> June 2025:



# (c) From $\mathbf{1}^{\text{st}}$ June 2023 until $\mathbf{30}^{\text{th}}$ June 2025:

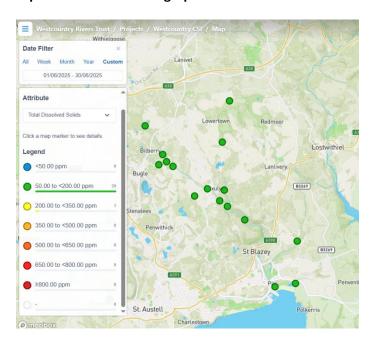


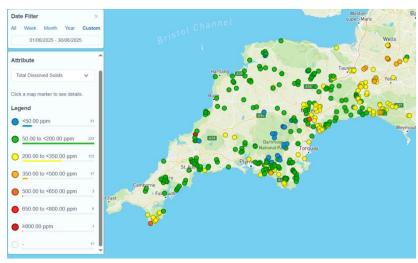
#### E. TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS

1. We measure these in ppm (parts per million). This is the WRT's explanation:

Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) is directly related to the conductivity of the water. The more minerals, salts and metals that are dissolved in the water the more conductive it gets. Low levels of dissolved solids in waters such as those on Dartmoor near to the source of the river are a result of very low levels of input from the surrounding landscape. As the river runs down to the sea it collects material from many different inputs, some natural and some man-made such as farms, sewage plants, factories and residential areas. This typically increases the amount of solids dissolved in the water leading to a higher reading. Harmful pollution from things like sewage, slurry and factory discharge will usually elevate your TDS reading. However, some pollutants such as oil can lower conductivity; therefore it should be used as a general indicator of water quality not a specific measure of toxicity. Geology will influence the normal level of conductivity in a watercourse (e.g. Areas dominated by granite generally give a lower conductivity than those with limestone). Regular monitoring will allow the detection of changes in conductivity which can indicate pollution.

#### 2. Geographical comparison. Source: Cartographer.





### 2. Results June 2025

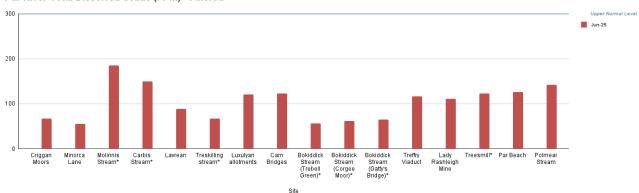
PAR	LOCATION	Total Dissolved
RIVER/TRIBUTARY		Solids PPM
Par	Criggan Moors, Par River, SX 01882 61133	67
Par	South of Minorca Lane, Par River, SX 02657 59788	55
Secondary tributary	Near Forkandles Farm, Molinnis Stream, SX 02460 59271	185
Tributary	Carbis Stream SX 02834 59401	150
Par	Lavrean, Par River SX 03134 59164	89
Tributary	Treskilling, Treskilling Stream, SX 04107 57726	67
Par	Luxulyan allotments, Par River, SX 04732 58045	121
Par	Cam Bridges, Par River, SX 05292 57454	123
Tributary	Trebell Green, Bokiddick Stream SX 0551960226	56
Tributary	Corgee Moor, Bokiddick Stream SX 0593462167	62
Tributary	Gatty's Bridge, Bokiddick Stream SX 05531 57953	65
Par	Treffry Viaduct, Par River, SX 05650 57179	116
Par	Lady Rashleigh Mine, Par River, SX 06451 56509	111
Tributary	Treesmill, Tywardreath Stream, SX 08873 55385	123
Par	Par Beach slipway, SX 0776 53261	126
Tributary	Polmear Stream, Ship Inn, SX 08749 53417	142

Upper Par	
Lower Par	
Bokiddick Stream	
Tributaries of Upper Par	
Tributaries of Lower Par	

### 3. Graphs

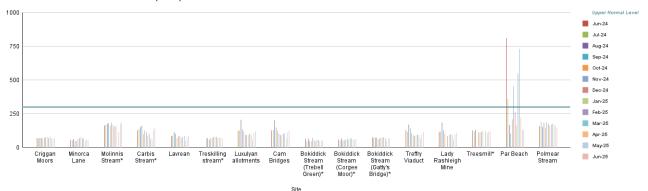
### (a) This month:





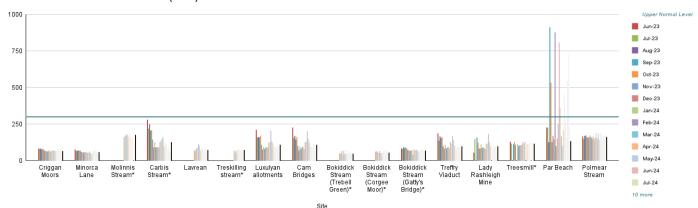
### (b) From 1<sup>st</sup> June 2024 until 30<sup>th</sup> June 2025

#### Par River Total Dissolved Solids (PPM) - Filtered



### (c) From 1<sup>st</sup> June 2023 until 30<sup>th</sup> June 2025

### Par River Total Dissolved Solids (PPM) - Filtered



#### **F. TURBIDITY**

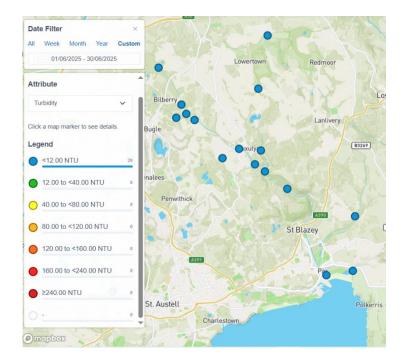
#### 1. This is the WRT explanation of this measure:

Turbidity tube is a measure of the optical clarity of the water. The more suspended particles in the water the lower the clarity and the higher the turbidity. You will often find your waterbody gets more turbid after heavy rainfall due to soil running off the fields and sediment being mixed into the water column. This loss of topsoil is both a problem for farmer and river. It can often contain chemicals from the fertiliser and pesticides used on the land. An increase in sediment level on the substrate of the river can cause smothering of habitat by removing light and oxygen. Aquatic wildlife such as the less mobile invertebrates and fish eggs struggle to survive in low oxygen conditions and without light, plants are unable to grow. It is a good idea to sample your river after different weather conditions to understand how it responds to rainfall or drought. The Yealm Estuary to Moor Project (YEM) in Devon considers that the upper safe level (USL) for turbidity is 75 NTU = 25 mg/l.

#### 2. Results June 2025:

PAR RIVER/TRIBUTARY	LOCATION	Turbidity (NTU)
Par	Criggan Moors, Par River, SX 01882 61133	<12
Par	South of Minorca Lane, Par River, SX 02657 59788	<12
Secondary tributary	Near Forkandles Farm, Molinnis Stream, SX 02460 59271	<12
Tributary	Carbis Stream SX 02834 59401	<12
Par	Lavrean, Par River SX 03134 59164	<12
Tributary	Treskilling, Treskilling Stream, SX 04107 57726	<12
Par	Luxulyan allotments, Par River, SX 04732 58045	<12
Par	Cam Bridges, Par River, SX 05292 57454	<12
Tributary	Trebell Green, Bokiddick Stream SX 0551960226	<12
Tributary	Corgee Moor, Bokiddick Stream SX 0593462167	<12
Tributary	Gatty's Bridge, Bokiddick Stream SX 05531 57953	<12
Par	Treffry Viaduct, Par River, SX 05650 57179	<12
Par	Lady Rashleigh Mine, Par River, SX 06451 56509	<12
Tributary	Treesmill, Tywardreath Stream, SX 08873 55385	<12
Par	Par Beach slipway, SX 0776 53261	<12
Tributary	Polmear Stream, Ship Inn, SX 08749 53417	<12

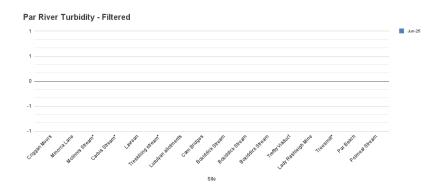
Upper Par	
Lower Par	
Bokiddick Stream	
Tributaries of Upper Par	
Tributaries of Lower Par	



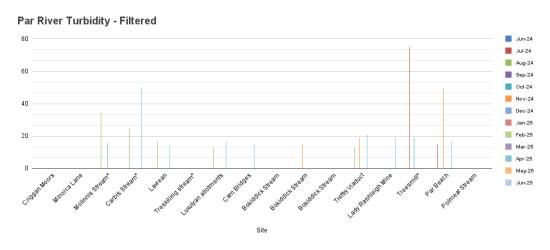


### 3. Graphs

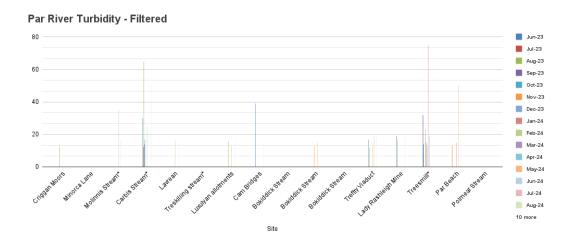
### (a) This month



### (b) From 1<sup>st</sup> June 2024 until 30<sup>th</sup> June 2025:



### (c) From 1<sup>st</sup> June 2023 until 30<sup>th</sup> June 2025:



#### **G. PHOSPHATES**

1. This is the WRT's explanation of this measure.

Phosphate occurs naturally within the river ecosystem, but in very low levels under 0.05 mg/l. Therefore, higher levels may indicate anthropogenic input. Phosphate is found in animal and human waste, cleaning chemicals, industrial runoff and fertiliser so this can be a good indicator of pollution. Having raised levels of phosphate can lead to increases in plant growth within the watercourse. This leads to a depletion of oxygen due to the plant's aerobic respiration during the night. Without oxygen aquatic species cannot survive and the river ecosystem collapses. (It is important to note that phosphate is taken up by plants. You may get a low reading but high plant growth, indicating eutrophication.) Ranges on phosphate diagnostic colour chart:

0 - 100 OK

200 - 300 HIGH

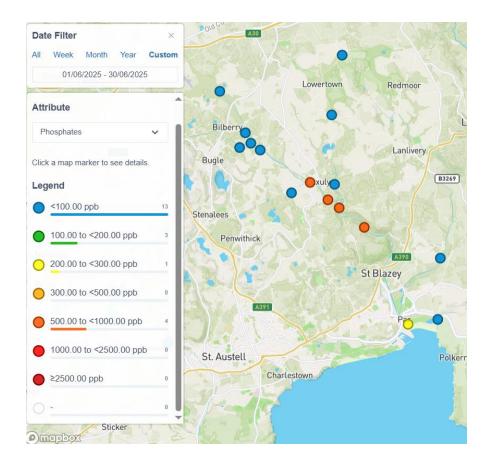
500 - 2500 - TOO HIGH

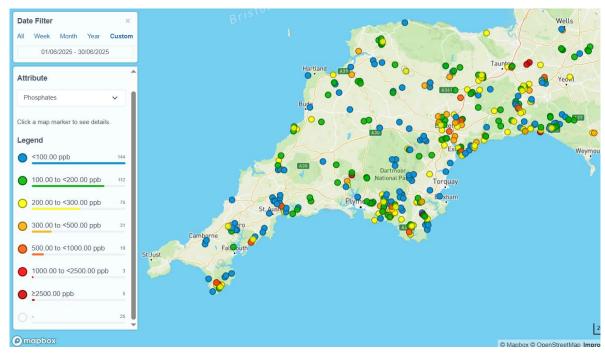
#### 2. Results May 2025

Results in red show phosphate levels that are classified as 'High' (above the upper safe level). WRT advice is that this is 100 Parts per Billion (0.1 mg/l).

PAR RIVER/TRIBUTARY	LOCATION	Phosphates PPB
Par	Criggan Moors, Par River, SX 01882 61133	0
Par	South of Minorca Lane, Par River, SX 02657 59788	0
Secondary tributary	Near Forkandles Farm, Molinnis Stream, SX 02460 59271	0
Tributary	Carbis Stream SX 02834 59401	0
Par	Lavrean, Par River SX 03134 59164	0
Tributary	Treskilling, Treskilling Stream, SX 04107 57726	0
Par	Luxulyan allotments, Par River, SX 04732 58045	500
Par	Cam Bridges, Par River, SX 05292 57454	500
Tributary	Trebell Green, Bokiddick Stream SX 0551960226	0
Tributary	Corgee Moor, Bokiddick Stream SX 0593462167	0
Tributary	Gatty's Bridge, Bokiddick Stream SX 05531 57953	0
Par	Treffry Viaduct, Par River, SX 05650 57179	500
Par	Lady Rashleigh Mine, Par River, SX 06451 56509	500
Tributary	Treesmill, Tywardreath Stream, SX 08873 55385	0
Par	Par Beach slipway, SX 0776 53261	200
Tributary	Polmear Stream, Ship Inn, SX 08749 53417	0

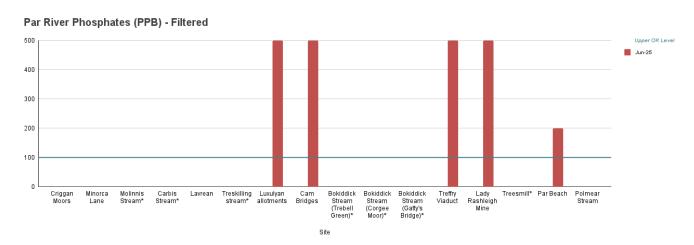
Upper Par	
Lower Par	
Bokiddick Stream	
Tributaries of Upper Par	
Tributaries of Lower Par	



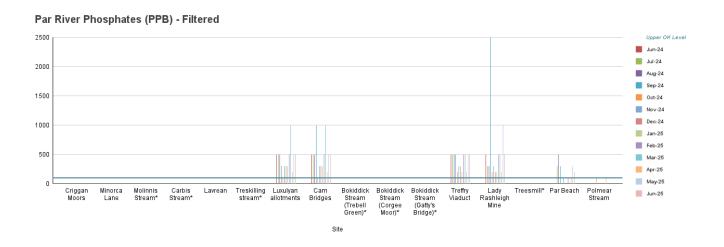


### 4. Graphs

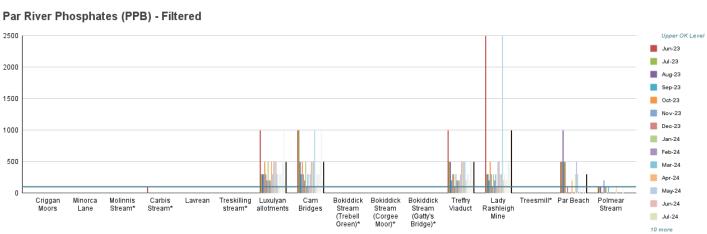
### (a) This month:



### (b) From 1<sup>st</sup> June 2024 until 30<sup>th</sup> June 2025:



### (c) From 1<sup>st</sup> June 2023 until 30<sup>th</sup> June 2025:

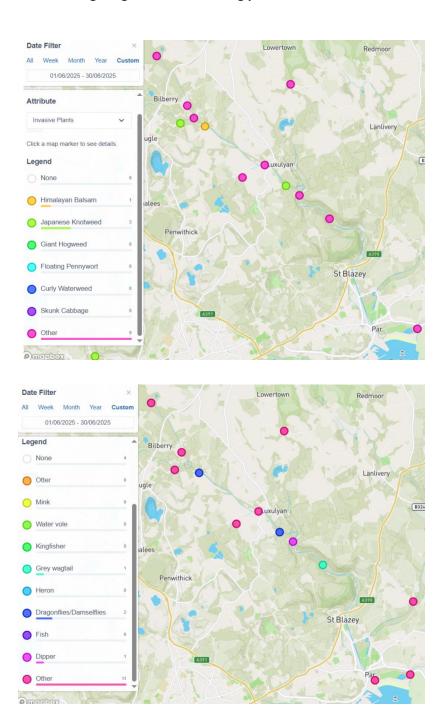


#### H. NITRATE

Nitrate testing began this month at all sites except Treesmill. Readings were all 0 PPM. Graphs will be generated once more results are available.

### I. WILDLIFE & INVASIVE PLANTS

### Wildlife & Invasive Plants sightings at the monitoring points included:



LOCATION	WILDLIFE NOTED	INVASIVE PLANTS NOTED
Criggan Moors, SX 01882 61133	HEARD: Blackbird, Song Thrush, Wren, Blue Tit SEEN: Speckled Wood Butterfly	Hemlock Water Dropwort
South of Minorca Lane, Par River, SX 02657 59788	HEARD: Wren, Robin, Magpie, Chiffchaff, Carrion Crow	Hemlock Water Dropwort
Forkandles Farm, Molinnis Stream, SX 02460 59271	HEARD: Wren	Japanese Knotweed Hemlock Water Dropwort
Carbis Stream SX 02834 59401	None	Hemlock Water Dropwort
Lavrean, Par River SX 03134 59164	HEARD: Spotted Flycatcher, Chiffchaff, Wren SEEN: Damselflies, Pondskater	Hemlock Water Dropwort
Treskilling, Treskilling Stream, SX 04107 57726	HEARD: Blackbird, Greenfinch, Pheasant, Goldfinch SEEN: Swallows	Hemlock Water Dropwort
Luxulyan allotments, Par River, SX 04732 58045	HEARD: Wren, Chiffchaff, House Martin, Chaffinch, Goldfinch	Hemlock Water Dropwort
Cam Bridges, Par River, SX 05292 57454	HEARD: Chiffchaff SEEN: Dragonfly	Hemlock Water Dropwort, Japanese Knotweed
Trebell Green, Bokiddick Stream SX 0551960226	HEARD: Heron, Pheasant, Jackdaw, Carrion Crow, Chiffchaff, Chaffinch, Blackbird, Willow Warbler SEEN: Lake created by beaver dam and gnawed trees.	None
Corgee Moor, Bokiddick Stream SX 0593462167	HEARD: Blackbird, Chiffchaff, Blackcap, Redstart, Wren, Chaffinch	Hemlock Water Dropwort
Gatty's Bridge, Bokiddick Stream SX 05531 57953	None	Hemlock Water Dropwort
Treffry Viaduct, Par River, SX 05650 57179	SEEN: Dipper	Hemlock Water Dropwort
Lady Rashleigh Mine, Par River, SX 06451 56509	HEARD: None SEEN: Recent otter spraint, Grey Wagtail, Buzzard, Butterfly, Riverfly nymphs (Cased Caddis, Caseless Caddis, Blue-winged Olive, Flat-bodied Upwing, Stoneflies, Gammarus – full report below)	Hemlock Water Dropwort
Treesmill, Tywardreath Stream, SX 08873 55385	HEARD: Buzzard, Blackbird, House Sparrow, Chiffchaff, Goldfinch, Coal Tit, Great-spotted Woodpecker, Blackcap	Hemlock Water Dropwort, Nettles
Par Beach slipway, SX 0776 53261	SEEN: Crows, Gulls, Pigeon	
Polmear Stream, Ship Inn, SX 08749 53417	Chiffchaff, Goldfinch, Chaffinch	Hemlock Water Dropwort

The Merlin Bird ID app has been used to identify birdsong (<a href="https://merlin.allaboutbirds.org/">https://merlin.allaboutbirds.org/</a>).

Upper Par	
Lower Par	
Bokiddick Stream	
Tributaries of Upper Par	
Tributaries of Lower Par	



Otter spraint near Lady Rashleigh Mine in which fish bones and scales can be seen.

#### J. ARMI RIVERFLY SURVEYS AT LADY RASHLEIGH MINE & TYWARDREATH STREAM

Four of the group (Joan Farmer, Veronica Jones, Roger Smith, and Simon Tagney) have undertaken the training to carry out Riverfly Surveys under the Anglers' Riverfly Monitoring Initiative (https://www.riverflies.org/rp-riverfly-monitoring-initiative). In short, sampling for 8 riverfly groups is carried out using standardised methods with scores calculated for their abundance. Information is passed to ARMI and the ORKS database. If the score does not reach a trigger level (in our case trigger level was raised from 5 to 6 in May 2022), the Environment Agency must be informed immediately since it is highly likely to indicate that the water is polluted. Our group received approval to sample at two sites: Luxulyan allotments (SX 04743 58054) and Lady Rashleigh Mine (SX 06453 56500). We have decided, for the time being, to concentrate on the latter, but from May 2024 have moved the kick-sampling site a few metres downstream of the bridge where conditions are safer and easier. This amended site will be known as Lady Rashleigh 2 in the ARMI/ORKS record. Recently, Simon and Brian have started to look at a location on the Tywardreath Stream, at SX SX0887055340.

It is impossible to count every invertebrate so this counting method is used:

Abundance	Score	Estimated	
		Number	
1-9	1	Quick count	
10-99	2	Nearest 10	
100-999	3	Nearest 100	
>1000	4	Nearest	
		1000	

Results of survey at Lady Rashleigh Mine (SX 06451 56509) carried out by Joan Farmer, Veronica Jones and Roger Smith on 16<sup>th</sup> June 2025. Results from May 2025 are shown in brackets in green.

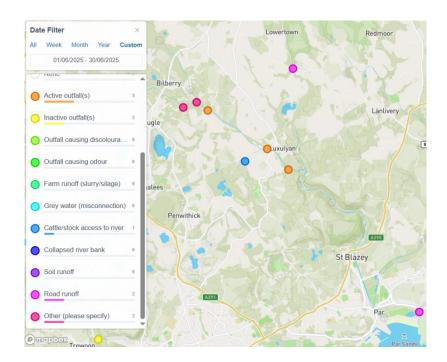
	SPECIES	NUMBER	<b>CATEGORY</b>
Tricl	hoptera		
1	Cased Caddisfly	2 (1)	
2	Caseless Caddisfly	7 (15)	1 (2)
Eph	emeroptera 3 tails		
3	Mayfly (Ephemeridae)	0 (0)	0 (0)
4	Blue-winged olive (Ephemerellidae)	3 (0)	1 (0)
5	Flat-bodied up-wings (Heptageniidae)	0 (11)	0 (2)
6	Olives (Baetidae)	100 (20)	3 (2)
Plec	optera 2 tails		
7	Stoneflies	1 (6)	1 (1)
Gan	nmaridae		
8	Freshwater Shrimp	40 (20)	2 (2)
			10 (10)

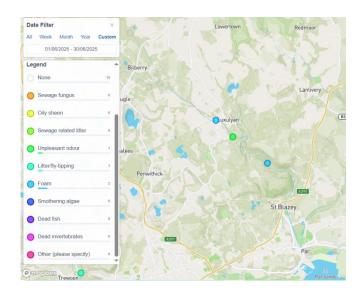
CATEGORY TOTAL	10 (10)	
TRIGGER LEVEL	6 (6)	

N.B. From May 2024 sampling has been done at Lady Rashleigh 2, downstream from the bridge.

### **K. POLLUTION SOURCES AND EVIDENCE**

### 1. Visible sources of pollution (source: Cartographer)



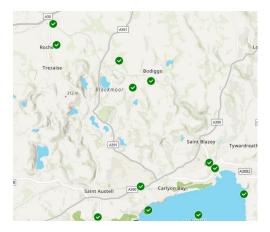


LOCATION	EVIDENCE OF RECENT POLLUTION
Criggan Moors, SX 01882 61133	None
South of Minorca Lane, Par River, SX 02657 59788	None
Forkandles Farm, Molinnis Stream, SX 02460 59271	None
Carbis Stream SX 02834 59401	None
Lavrean, Par River SX 03134 59164	Foam
Treskilling, Treskilling Stream, SX 04107 57726	Trampled mud (cattle)
Luxulyan allotments, Par River, SX 04732 58045	Foam
Cam Bridges, Par River, SX 05292 57454	Foam, smell
Trebell Green, Bokiddick Stream SX	None
0551960226	
Corgee Moor, Bokiddick Stream SX 0593462167	None
Gatty's Bridge, Bokiddick Stream SX 05531	None
57953	
Treffry Viaduct, Par River, SX 05650 57179	None
Lady Rashleigh Mine, Par River, SX 06451 56509	Foam
Treesmill, Tywardreath Stream, SX 08873	None
55385	
Par Beach slipway, SX 0776 53261	None
Polmear Stream, Ship Inn, SX 08749 53417	None

Upper Par	
Lower Par	
Bokiddick Stream	
Tributaries of Upper Par	
Tributaries of Lower Par	

#### 3. South West Water Storm Overflows

The Rivers Trust's sewage map (<a href="https://www.sewagemap.co.uk/">https://www.sewagemap.co.uk/</a>) gives live information about discharges of sewage into rivers and the sea by water companies. (This is also provided by South West Water's WaterFit Live site: <a href="https://www.southwestwater.co.uk/storm-overflow-map">https://www.southwestwater.co.uk/storm-overflow-map</a>).



This screenshot is for illustrative purposes only and does not show the situation in March. Not all of the locations are in the Par River catchment either.

It should be noted that there are also numerous private sewerage arrangements in the area but information about possible contamination of watercourses from these has not been found. The following screenshot shows the different facilities in the area (source: <a href="https://theriverstrust.org/key-issues/sewage-in-rivers">https://theriverstrust.org/key-issues/sewage-in-rivers</a>)



### (b) South West Water Storm Overflows in the Par River Catchment (updated June 2025):

The main overflows are (from source to sea along the catchment):

- Roche storm overflow (SWW1001)
- Molinnis storm overflow, Bugle (SWW0765)
- Rescorla storm overflow, Luxulyan (SWW0987)
- Luxulyan sewage treatment works settled storm overflow, St Austell (SWW0694)
- Tredenham Close storm overflow, Par (SWW1230)
- Par No2 pumping station overflow, Par (SWW0519)

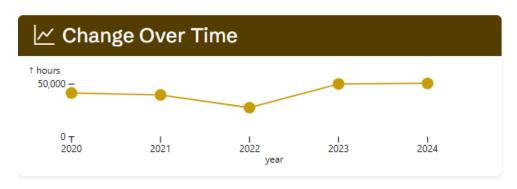
# (c) SWW Storm Overflow spills June 2025 (https://theriverstrust.org/sewage-map)

LOCATION/WATERCOURSE	SPILLAGES	TOTAL SPILLAGE DURATION JUNE 2025
Victoria pumping station	3 <sup>rd</sup> June 2025	2 minutes
overflow, Roche	Started: 9:12 am	
(SWW1266)	Stopped: 9:15 am	
Into Par River	<b>Duration:</b> 2 minutes (sic)	
Molinnis storm overflow,	7 <sup>th</sup> June 2025	50 minutes
Bugle (SWW0765)	Started: 12:44 pm	
Into tributary of Par River	Stopped: 1.34 pm	
	Duration: 50 minutes	
Rescorla storm overflow,	7 <sup>th</sup> June 2025	3 minutes
Luxulyan (SWW0987)	Started: 12:50 pm	
Into 'Tributary of Par	Stopped: 12:54 pm	
Sands (S)' [sic]	Duration: 3 minutes (sic)	
Luxulyan sewage	13 <sup>th</sup> to 14 <sup>th</sup> June 2025	18 hours 30 minutes
treatment works settled	Started: 6.02 pm	
storm overflow, St	Stopped: 12:33 pm	
Austell (SWW0694)	Duration: 18 hours 30 minutes	
Into Par River		
Tredenham Close storm	Started:	
overflow, Par	Stopped:	
(SWW1230)	Duration:	
Into St Blazey stream		
Par No2 pumping station	Started:	
overflow, Par	Stopped:	
(SWW0519)	Duration:	
Into Par River		

### (e) South West Water sewage spills by Parliamentary constituency

(i) South-East Cornwall (https://top-of-the-poops.org/constituency/south-east-cornwall)

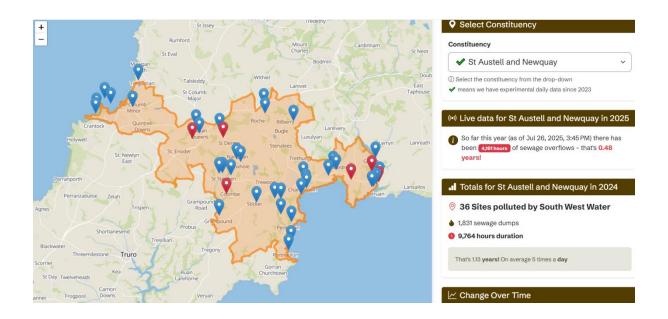


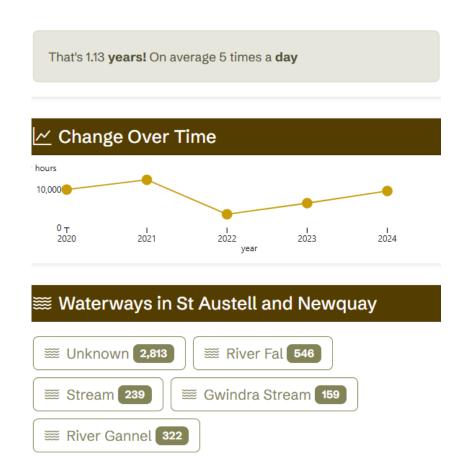




The Par/Luxulyan River will be included in 'Unknown'.

### (ii) St Austell and Newquay





# (iii) South-East Cornwall and St Austell and Newquay Parliamentary constituency sewage spills national rankings 2024.

	National	Sewage	Change	Duration	Change (hours
	rank	dumps	(dumps)	(hours)	duration)
SE Cornwall	11/650	4966	<b>↓</b> -738	50,747	个 530
St Austell &	129/650	1831	个 218	9,764	↑ 3223
Newquay					

#### L. OUR GROUP AND SUPPORTERS

Monitoring is part of the Citizen Science programme run by the West Country Rivers Trust (WCRT) and is carried out monthly by volunteers, including Joan Farmer; Veronica Jones; Roger Smith; Simon Tagney; Maggie Tagney; and Brian Harrisson. They have received training from Lydia Ashworth, Junior Evidence and Engagement Officer of the West Country Rivers Trust (<a href="https://wrt.org.uk/project/become-a-citizen-scientist/">https://wrt.org.uk/project/become-a-citizen-scientist/</a>). Results are logged on the Cartographer website. The support and advice given by Ross Tonkin, Lloyd Paynter, David Edwards, Claire and Gary Phillips, Jenny Heskett, Nick Taylor, Jeremy Roberts, Mat Bateman, Colin Pringle, Matt Healey, Simon Browning, Lydia Deacon, Jack Middleton, Anna Seal, Anna Crane, Zoe Connelly, Jade Neville, Lauren Jasper and Callum Lewis is greatly appreciated. The work carried out by the late Dave Burrell both in the field and in checking reports will not be forgotten. The interest and encouragement offered by Environment Agency officers, especially Lisa Best, Lisa Goodall, Layla Ousley, Jenny Davies, Leah Steward, Nicola Rogers and Peter Scobie, have been invaluable.

### Report compiled by Roger Smith, 26<sup>th</sup> July 2025



River monitoring isn't all doom and gloom! A sunny afternoon on the banks of the Par River.